

# **VISION OF THE DHET**

A South Africa in which we have a differentiated and fully inclusive post schooling system that allows all South African to **access** and **succeed** in relevant postschool Education and Training, in order to fulfil the economic and social goals of participation an inclusive economy and society.

# MISSION OF DHET

To develop well capable, educated and skilled citizens that are able to compete in a sustainable, diversified and knowledge- intensive international economy which meets the developmental goals of our country.

# **KEY ACTIONABLES**

The DHET will undertake the following in order to give effect to the mission:

- reduce skills bottlenecks especially in scarce and critical skills
- Improve participation rates in the post-school system



# Background

- Green Paper target of 4 million enrolments in FET colleges by 2030; 60% participation rate.
- The National Plan for FET Colleges, gazetted in 2008
- target of 1 million enrolments by 2014.
- Function shift FET Colleges moving to become a National competence







# **Turnaround Strategy**

- Against this backdrop of significant challenges an effective turnaround strategy will need to take cognisance of the variable levels of functionality, develop a set of minimum performance standards/indicators and adopt a differentiated approach.
- The Strategy seeks to systematically address key challenges associated with dysfunctionality in some colleges in order to ensure marked and sustainable improvement in the quality of teaching and learning.

# Principles Underpinning the Turnaround Strategy

- Managing change e.g. function shift. Important to maintain an environment of order and focus while ensuring compliance with emerging policy changes.
- Institutional differentiation generalised approach not ideal. Strategy requires individualised assessment and tailored interventions to respond to specific strengths & weaknesses.
- Movement from current to desired status strategy is to repair and build, to solve immediate problems while simultaneously laying out a developmental agenda.
- Student performance & success core
- Strategy-led approach coordination key, the strategy must drive and determine annual operational plans & budgets etc
- Accountability for Performance no change can be guaranteed unless accountability is assured. Council Charters, performance contracts with Principals and all the way down the college.

#### Turnaround Strategy – college focus areas

- Institutional Management and Governance
- Administration
- Curriculum Development and Delivery
- Improving Quality of Teaching Staff and Systems
- Student Support Services
- Infrastructure, Facilities and Equipment Management
- Partnerships, Linkages and Stakeholder Management

#### **Short-term** intervention

- Urgent filling of Senior Management posts
- DHET-SAICA partnership to place interim CFOs at FET Colleges –
- Converting the conditional grant to an ordinary subsidy directly managed by DHET.
- Auditing FET Colleges to determine actual capacity.
- Development of specifications for a model FET College Council Member.
- "Ring fence" NSF funding for FET Colleges infrastructure development.
- NSF funding to aid the expansion programme.
- Phase one: stabilisation and assessment process.

#### Institutional Development – geared at shortterm gains (April 2012 to March 2013)

- Improved career guidance at college level.
- Improved on-programme academic support for students.
- Increasing the number of workplace learning opportunities.
- Improved utilisation of resources (timetabling etc.) to maximise teaching and learning.
- Improved systems for recruitment, selection and placement for 2013 students.
- Implementation of a refurbishment strategy to prepare colleges to expand on delivery.
- Effective management of assessment processes to minimise delays in issuing of results.
- Developing & implementing a data management standard for reliable data reporting.

# Medium- to long-term interventions • The medium- to long-term intervention will identify levels of differentiation and assign intervention priorities across all colleges. • Governance and management • Institutional Governance • Institutional planning, M&E and reporting • FETMIS • Management development • Financial management • Human resource management and development

### Medium- to long-term intervention

- Teaching & Learning
- PQM
- Delivery of the curriculum
- Career guidance, student recruitment, student placement and support
- Recruitment and development of lecturers
- Partnerships and linkages for work placements



